1 Workbook







La educación es de todos

Mineducación

Way to go!

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Ministra de Educación

María Victoria Angulo González

Viceministra de Educación Preescolar, Básica y Media Constanza Liliana Alarcón Párraga

Directora de Calidad para la Educación Preescolar, Básica y Media Danit María Torres Fuentes

Subdirectora de Referentes y Evaluación de la Calidad Educativa Liced Angélica Zea Silva

> Subdirectora de Fomento de Competencias Claudia Marcelina Molina Rodríguez

Líder del Programa Nacional de Bilingüismo Carlos Javier Amaya González

Equipo técnico Programa Nacional de Bilingüismo Luz Rincón, Deisy Velandia, Laura Bustos, Daniel Quitian, Fressman Eduth Ávila, Marcela Forero Jiménez, Felipe Villalba Molano, Mauricio Ríos Delgado, Elena Urrutia

Materiales Educativos

Diana Patricia Tobón, Yuli Catherine Rojas, Diana Beatriz Quiceno

British Council

Ricardo Romero Medina- Director Inglés Juan Camilo Ortegón Sánchez- Gerente de Proyecto Miguel Ignacio Rodríguez Molano- Director Editorial Viviana Caicedo Triana- Coordinadora de Proyecto Andrea Santos Castro- Asistente de Proyecto

Autores

Claudia Vinueza

Proceso pre-editorial Ángela Sierra

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Diseño de portada

Luisa Juliana Avella Vargas

Créditos fotográficos portada Juan Gabriel Muñoz Duarte Coordinación Editorial:

Richmond

Richmond, 58 St Aldate's, Oxford, OX11ST, UK Deborah Tricker, Luke Baxter Richmond Colombia Andrés Guerrero, Adriana Ramírez

Diseño:

Colaboradores de diseño: Luisa Juliana Avella Vargas, Global Blended Learning, Colin Stobbart Equipo de diseño Richmond: Lorna Heaslip, Dave Kuzmicki, Magdalena Mayo

Edición:

Equipo editorial Richmond:

Sue Ashcroft, Luke Baxter, Stephanie Bremner, David Cole-Powney, Simone Foster, Fiona Hunt, Jonathan Tasman, Deborah Tricker.

Colaboradores editoriales:

Manick Publishing S.L., Christina Broadbridge, Sarah Curtis, Chloe Gathern, Ruth Goodman, Amanda Leigh, Stephanie Parker, Claire Ransom, Sophie Sherlock, Rob Sved, Neil Wood

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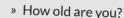
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Bogotá, D. C. - Colombia

module 1 // Unit 1







» What's your name?

» Nice to meet you

» Are you 12?

» Can you spell your last name?

Lesson | » My First Day at School!

1. Complete the conversations. Use the clues in the box and put them in the right place.

Carlos: Good morning, what's your full name	е
Mariana: My name is Mariana Echenique.	
Carlos: Excuse me, ¹	?
Mariana: It's E-C-H-E-N-I-Q-U-E	
Carlos: Ok. ²	
Mariana: No, I'm not. I'm 13.	

Cristal: I'm 12 years old.	
Francisco: 5	, Cristal.
Cristal: Nice to meet you too, Franci	sco.

Cristal: Hello! My name is Cristal.

Francisco: My name is Francisco.

Now, answer the questions about you. Draw a picture of yourself in the box or paste a photograph.	
1. What's your full name?	
2. How old are you?	
3. Are you in sixth grade?	
1 What's your school's name? It's	

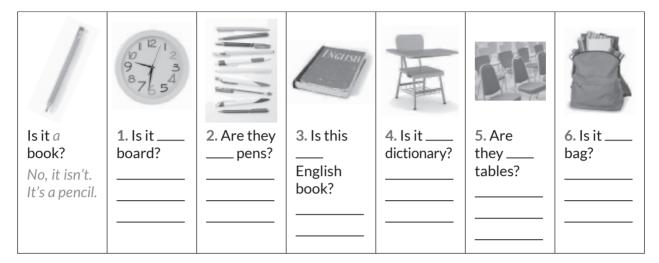
3. Do the following math exercises. Write the answers with letters, not numbers! Then, get the secret code and find the mystery sentence.

Six + three = <u>nine</u> L	c. Two + one =	f. Six + two =	i. Four – four =
a. Eight – six =	d. Five + five =	g. Four + three =!	j. Three + two = space
b. Four - three =	e. Six - two =	h. Nine – three =	

10	0	9	1	3	6	0	5	4	3	5	2	1	8	3	3	9	7

Lesson 2 » My Favourite Place!

1. Look at the images. Complete the questions with *a*, *an* or *some* and give an answer for them. If the answer is negative, give the correct information.



2. Read the following conversation of a teacher with his class and complete the missing information with the phrases from the box.

Word Bank

Look work in pairs raise your hands Write Open your books Answer Be quiet Read see you do Good morning



leacher: Good Morning	students! ¹	on page 11. ²
the story and ³	the questions. ⁴	the answers in your notebooks.
Carla: OK Miss Blanco. \	We finished.	
Teacher: Well, now 5	at the board and	tell me what you see.
Students: Me, me, pleas	e teacher, me!!	
Teacher: 6	_ because I can't hear you! ⁷	and we take
turns. Carolina, tell me.		
Carolina: It is an insect!		
Teacher: Very good Card interesting insect.	olina. Now, ⁸ no	ot in groups. Read about the life of this
Teacher: OK class, this is tomorr	•	your homework and

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Lesson 3 » Making a Directory

1. Write the question you need to ask for the following information. Use what's your...? or how old...?

Information needed	Question
Name	What's your name?
1. Last name	
2. Age	
3. ID number	
4. Mobile number	
5. Home number	

2. Read the following conversation of a teacher with his class and complete the missing information with the phrases from the box.

Name: Manuel Camargo
Age: 13
Grade: sixth grade

ID number: 1009675283
Mobile number: 301 223 7621



Hello! This is	Manuel Camargo		He ¹		
	(name)			(age)	
He ²		His ³			·
	(school's grade)			(ID number)	
His ⁴					
	(mobile nu	umber)			

2. Now, write a paragraph about someone in your family. First complete the information.

Name:	
Last name:	-
Age:	
ID number:	_
Home number:	

Choose the correct option.

1.	is y	our name	?		6.	He	13.		
	a. Are	b. Am	c. Is	d. What		a. are	b. am	c. is	d. an
2.	thi	s your des	k?		7.	the	y bags?		
	a. Are	b. Am	c. Is	d. What		a. Are	b. Am	c. Is	d. What
3.	you	ı in sixth g	rade?		8.	You are	excel	lent stude	ent.
	a. Are	b. Am	c. Is	d. What		a. is	b. a	c. an	d. some
4.	old	are you?			9.	The clas	sroom has	s cha	irs.
	a. Are	b. How	c. Is	d. What		a. some	b. a	c. an	d. are
5.	I12	2 years old	l.		10	. Carlos h	ıas pe	ncil for yo	ou.
	a. are	b. am	c. is	d. how		a. some	b. a	c. an	d. are

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to classroom objects and numbers. I can identify vocabulary related to basic personal information.			
Grammar	I can ask and answer information questions about basic personal information. I can use adequate articles for nouns.			
Reading	I can understand written conversations about greetings, instructions and classroom language.			
Writing	I can write simple paragraphs to introduce someone and give basic personal information.			
Speaking	I can introduce someone and give basic personal information.			
Listening	I can understand basic personal information in listening texts.			

Unit >>>2

What Do You Do?



- **1.** Match 1–7 with A–G to make activities. Use the photos on the page to help you.
 - 1. Read
- A. dinner
- 2. Check
- **B.** a bicycle
- 3. Play
- C. the internet
- 4. Listen
- D. e-mail
- 5. Use
- E. a magazine
- 6. Make
- F. video games
- 7. Ride
- G. to music



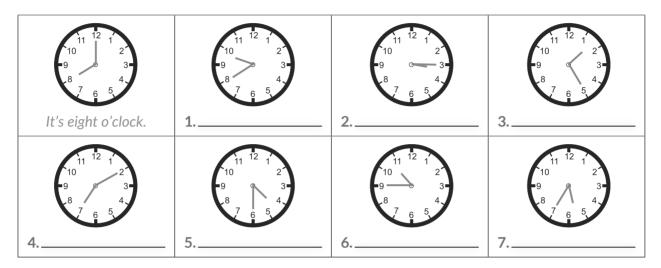
Hello, my name is Alberto. After school, my brothers and I have a very good time. I <u>like</u> (like)
to do physical activities like riding a bike, but my brother Tomas ¹ (like) to do other
types of activities. He ² (not like) to do exercise. Marco ³ (not like) to
read. At 5:00 pm, Tomas ⁴ (check) his e-mail and ⁵ (use) the internet. Some
days, we all 6 (play) video games. Mom 7 (make) dinner at 6:30 pm and
then we get ready to 8 (go) to bed.

3. Read the text in exercise 2 again. Answer the questions about the text.

- 2. Does Marco like to read?
- 3. Do they play video games together? _____
- 4. Does Alberto cook dinner for his brothers? _____
- 5. Do they eat dinner before 8:00 pm? _____

Lesson 2 » Lesson Title

1. What time is it? Write the time for each clock.



2. Complete the following daily routine with the verbs from the box. Remember to use the verbs in the correct form.

arrive - have (x2) - play - take - wake - make - do - go (x2) - start - watch My day starts very early. I <u>wake</u> up at 5:00 am. My sister 1 a shower at 5:15 am and I 2 my bed. I 3 breakfast at 5:50 am. My sister and I 4 to school at 6:20 am because school 5 at 7:00 am. We 6 home at 3:00 pm. We 7 our homework at 4:00 pm and then we 8 TV or we 9 sports. At 7:00 pm we 10 dinner and we 11 to sleep before 9:00 pm.

3. Think about your daily routine. Write the time you do each activity.

Time	Activity
	Wake up
	Make my bed
	Take a shower
	Have breakfast
	Brush my teeth
	Go to school
	Start school
	Arrive home
	Do homework or study
	Watch TV or play
	Have dinner
	Go to bed

ŀ.	Write about your own routine. Use exercise
	2 and the chart in exercise 3 to help you.

Lesson 3 » I Never Do That!

1. Answer the survey. Write full sentences with the adverbs of frequency in the box.

Always Usually Sometimes Never

SURVEY -

How often do you	Answer
play video games after school?	I never play video games after school.
1. play video games at the weekend?	Switter after scribbi.
2. play sports after classes?	
3. sing in the shower?	
4. eat hamburgers on weekdays?	
5. cook dinner for your family?	
6. study at the weekend?	







2. Read the text and rewrite the idea using adverbs of frequency.

My sister Marta is very busy during the week. She goes to tennis lessons three days a week. She participates in the literature club five times a week. Marta likes learning new languages, so she goes to French lessons three days a week. She goes to the animal protection centre every day after school because she loves taking care of animals. She doesn't have time to watch TV.



My sister Marta is <u>always</u> busy during the week. She ¹ goes to tennis lessons in	
the week. She ² participates in the literature club during the week. Also, Marta like	:S
learning new languages, so she 3 goes to French lessons. Marta 4 goes to)
the animal protection centre because she loves animals. She 5 watches TV.	

Choose the correct option.

1.	you like to p	lay video gam	es?	6.	It's 4:35.			
2.	a. Does b. Do he read mag		d. How		 a. It's thirty-five to five b. It's thirty-five past four c. It's twenty-five to five d. It's half to five 7. It's a quarter to three. 			
3.	a. Does b. Do She from scl			_				
	a. go b. arri	ve c. goes	d. arrives	7.	•		ree. c. 2:45	d. 3:45
4.	Camilo eat o vegetarian.	hicken becau	se he is	8. I ride a bike because I don'				
_	a. don't b. doe				•		c. somet d. never	
	•	I go to school on Saturday becait's the weekend.		9.		brusl		eth because he
	a. don't b. doe	sn't c. do	d. does		a. always	5	c. somet	
				10.	doe	s Cristina	visit you?	
							c. How d d. How d	

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to daily routines. I can identify vocabulary related to activities.			
Grammar	I can use Do/Does to ask questions about daily routines and activities. I can understand the correct use of verbs for she, he, and it.			
Reading	I can understand short texts about daily routines and activities.			
Writing	I can write short paragraphs about routines. I can write sentences to express the frequency of an activity.			
Speaking	I can talk about my daily routines.			
Listening	I can identify information about daily routines in listening texts.			

Unit >>> 3 My People

Word Bank sister brother son father daughter mother

Lesson 1 » Family Life

1. Look at the picture of this famous family and complete the sentences with the words in the Word Bank.

Lisa	a is Maggie's <u>sister</u> .	
1.	Marge is Bart's	
2.	Bart is Lisa's	
3.	Maggie is Homer's	
4.	Homer is Bart's	
5.	Bart is Marge's	

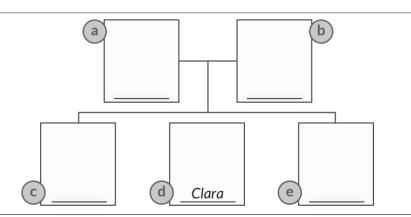
2. Look at Jorge's family. Answer the questions and correct any information.

ls S	Sonia his mother?	No she isn't. Sonia is his sister	
1.	Is Leo his brother?		
2.	Is Laura his mother?		
3.	Is Marco his father? _		
4.	Is Sandra his sister? _		
5	Is their last name Mai	rtinez?	



3. Read the text and complete the family tree with the correct names. Draw the family photos.

Maria's sister is Clara.
Clara's sister is bored.
Clara's brother is Eduardo.
Maria's mother is Patricia.
Patricia's son is sad.
Clara's father is tired.
Jose's daughter is happy.
Eduardo's father is Jose.
Maria's mother is excited.



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Lesson 2 » We Are All Different!

1. Read the information about Pedro's family and draw each member. Write a description of Pedro.

1	2. Pedro's mother is tall, thin and wears glasses. She has long curly dark hair and her eyes are green.	3. Pedro's father is tall and fat. He has short straight blond hair. His eyes are grey.	4. Pedro's brother is short and thin. He wears glasses. His eyes are blue. His hair is short, blond and curly.

2. Complete the chart with the physical characteristics of your family members.

Family member				
Name				
Hair				
Eyes				
Body				
Wears glasses	Yes / No	Yes / No	Yes / No	Yes / No

My mother's name is _		_ (name). She's	(he	eight
and	(build). She		(glasses). Her eyes are (length, colour, sty	9
My father's name is				
My				
Му				

Lesson 3 » People I Admire

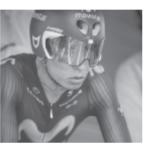
1. Read the following text about the Colombian woman working at NASA, Diana Trujillo. Circle the words related to her personality qualities.

I admire Diana Trujillo. She's a Colombian scientist working at NASA. She is very intelligent, she is great at mathematics. Diana has to control the robot in the "Curiosity" mission on Mars, so she needs to be very patient and responsible. Also, she needs to be very confident in her abilities because there is no space for errors on Mars.

2. Choose one of these Colombian characters. Use the mind map to make notes about why you admire him or her.



Ciro Guerra Film director



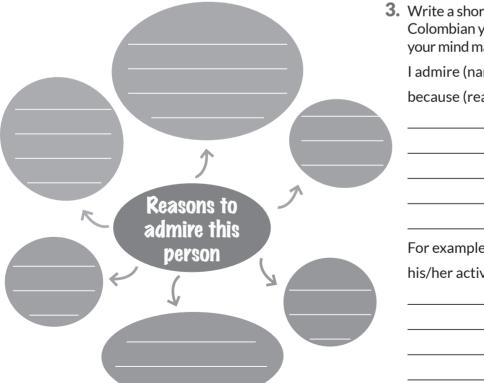
Nairo Quintana Cyclist



Shakira Singer



Rodolfo Llinas Scientist



3.	Write a short paragraph about the
	Colombian you admire. Use the clues and
	your mind map from exercise 2 to help you.

I admire (name)	
hecause (reasons)	

For example, this person (examples of	
nis/her activities)	

Chant

Good morning everyone



Good morning everyone, How are you today? Please <u>raise</u> your hand If you have something to say!

I'm your teacher nice to meet you. Let's work in pairs of two. Get your papers and your pen And open your books on page ten.

Now everyone listen to me. Let's learn about our families. Look at the picture on the <u>board</u>. Look at the dad, he looks <u>bored</u>.

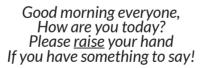
He is short and very strong. His daugther's hair is very long. He has two sons, they are tall. He is responsible and he loves them all.



Good morning everyone, How are you today? Please <u>raise</u> your hand If you have something to say!

Look at the grandmother on the chair! She has grey and curly hair. She looks tired and quite sad. She is smooth, just like her dad!

Her mum is caring and very fun. She has dark hair just like her sons. They are an interesting family. One, two, three, now rap with me!





Look at the grandmother on the chair. She has grey and curly hair. She looks tired and quite sad. She is small, just like her dad!

Her mum is caring and very fun. She has dark hair just like her sons. They are an interesting family. Now come on everyone, rap with me!

Good morning everyone, ...







Speaking

1. There are nine instructions in the chant. Work with a partner to find them all.

Please raise your hand if you have something to say!

Yes, that's right. The next one is ...

Reading

- 2. Read the chant again and look for the words.
 - 1 Underline all the imperative verbs.
 - 2 Circle all the nouns for people.
 - 3 Draw a box around all the adjectives.

Writing

- **3.** Answer the questions. Use full sentences.
 - 1 Where is the picture?

The picture is on the board.

- 2 How does the dad look?
- 3 How does the daughter look?
- 4 How many sons are there?
- 5 How do the sons look?
- 6 Where is the sister?
- 7 How does the sister look?
- 8 What is the mum like?

4. Write about your family. Use words from chant, the phrases provided and your own ideas.

curly caring interesting strong tall responsible blond long sad small fun dark short tired



My dad/my mum is ... My brother/sister is ... We are ... My family is ... 46

Check Your Progress



Choose the correct option.

1.	Manuela is Juan's	6. Juan is Manuela's		
	a. sister b. daughter c. mother d. son	a. brother b. daughter c. father d. son		
2.	Camilo is Manuela's	7 has long blond curly hair.		
	a. brother b. daughter c. mother d. son	a. Camilo b. Julia c. Manuela d. Juan		
3.	Julia is mother.	8 has short dark straight hair.		
	a. Juan's b. Manuela's	a. Camilo b. Julia c. Manuela d. Juan		
4.	Camilo is son.	9 has short blond straight hair.		
	a. Juan's b. Manuela's	a. Camilo b. Julia c. Manuela d. Juan		
5.	Manuela is Camilo's	10 has long dark curly hair.		
	a. sister b. daughter c. mother d. son	a. Camilo b. Julia c. Manuela d. Juan		

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to family. I can identify vocabulary related to physical descriptions of people. I can identify vocabulary related to personality characteristics of people and feelings.			
Grammar	I can express possession. I can ask and answer questions about family.			
Reading	I understand short texts about people's descriptions.			
Writing	I can describe family members. I can express reasons to admire a person.			
Speaking	I can talk about my family.			
Listening	I can understand information about physical descriptions in listening texts.			

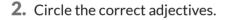


My Body is an Amazing Machine!

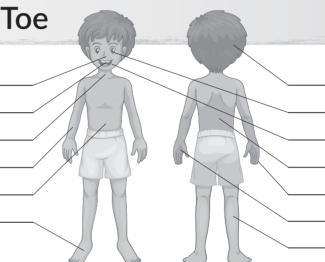
Lesson I » From Head to Toe

1. Label the picture of the human body with the words from the box.

arm back eye feet finger hand head leg mouth neck nose stomach teeth



- Nairo Quintana can ride his bike in high mountains because he has very short / strong legs.
- 2. Caterine Ibargüen can jump well because she has really **long** / **weak** legs.
- 3. Basketball players usually have **big / long** hands.
- 4. Weak / Strong people can't do gymnastics.
- 5. Some **short** / **long** football players can be very agile and fast like Lionel Messi.
- **3.** Complete the sentences with the plural form of the noun in brackets. Draw the alien in the box to match the description.
 - 1. This alien has two _____ (head).
 - 2. The alien has four _____ (arm).
 - 3. It has two _____ (mouth). One in each head.
 - 4. It has six _____ (tooth) in each mouth.
 - 5. It has three _____(leg).
 - 6. It has six _____ (foot). Two on each leg.







Lesson 2 » Protecting our Bodies

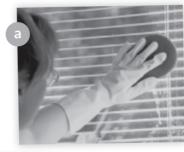
1. Make sentences about ways we can get hurt at school or home. Use the prompts and the words in the box.

cut break fall hit hurt

1. We/finger/paper/classroom.

We can cut our fingers with paper in the classroom

- 2. People/on a wet floor/toilets.
- 3. We/head/playground.
- 4. Children /leg/on the stairs.
- 5. We/hands/in the kitchen.
- 2. Match the types of protection 1–4 with the actions a–d.
 - 1. safety glasses _____
 - 2. kneepads _____
 - 3. helmet _____
 - 4. rubber gloves _____









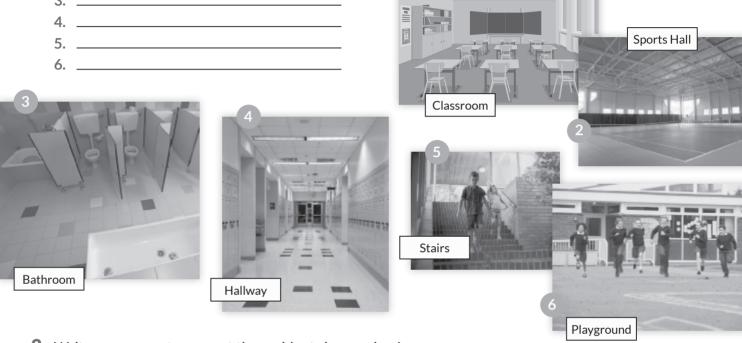
- **3.** Complete phrases 1–4 with the types of protection from exercise 2. Then match the two parts of the sentence.
 - 1. If you don't wear <u>safety glasses</u> in the laboratory,
 - 2. If you don't wear a _____ when you ride a motorcycle,
 - 3. If you don't wear _____ when you go skateboarding,
 - 4. If you don't wear _____ when you clean,

- A. ... you can hurt your head.
- B. ... you can hurt your knees.
- C. ... you can hurt your eyes.
- D. ... you can hurt your hands.

Lesson 3 » Safe Schools

1.	What are the most common accidents in different rooms in your school? Think of one possible
	accident that can happen in places (1–6).

1.	Cutting my finger on a book.	
0		



2. Write some ways to prevent the accidents in exercise 1.

- 1. To prevent accidents in the classroom, it's important to follow instructions
- 2. To prevent accidents in the ______, it's important _____.
- 3. To prevent accidents in the ______, it's important ______.
- 4. To prevent accidents in the ______, it's important ______.
- 5. To prevent accidents in the ______, it's important ______.
- 6. To prevent accidents in the ______, it's important _____.
- 3. Use the information from exercise 2 to write a short paragraph about accidents in your home.

Accidents can sometimes happen at home, too. For example,		
(write the type of accidents in your home)		
To prevent these accidents, it's		
(write the actions to prevent these accidents).		

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Choose the correct option.

1.	Which one is no a. stomach b. le	•	•	7.	It's difficult to be a very hands.	a gymnast if you have
2.	Which one is no a. nose b. ey	t a part of the	head?	8.		c. strong d. short ead use a
3.	a. tooth b. te	eeth c. tooths	d. teeths	9.	a. helmetb. safety glassesTo protect your ha	d. gloves
5.	a. foots b. fo Basketball player	oot c. feet		10.	a. helmetb. safety glassesAccidents at school	•
6.	a. smallb. wSwimmers needa. smallb. wea	to have a	rms.		a. stairs b. hallway	c. bedroom d. playground

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to the body and body features and problems.			
Grammar	I can use <i>can</i> to talk about possibilities and recommendations for our body.			
Reading	I can understand sentences about body features.			
Writing	I can write short paragraphs about accidents and ways to prevent them.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about body problems. I can identify information in short conversations about accidents.			
Speaking	I can talk about different body features and problems. I can talk about ways to prevent accidents.			

Unit >>2

People Can Do a Lot of Things!



1. Write the activities in the correct column of the chart to show your likes and dislikes.

Likes	Dislikes

swimming running singing origami walking reading making dolls riding a bike

plaving an instrument making models playing basketball

roller skating painting or drawing playing football



2.	Use tl	he acti	vities f	rom e	exercise	1 to	mak	e sent	ences

1.	I don't like playing v	volleyball
2.	I like	
3.	I don't like	
4.		is fascinating.
5.	I'm very good at	

3.

Write the questions for the answers.
1. <u>Is basketball exciting for you?</u>
No, it isn't. It's very boring for me.
2
No, I don't like playing football.
3
Yes, she does. My sister loves making dolls!
4

No, it isn't.	For me.	origami	is fa	scinating	١٤

6.		is easy for me.
7.		is difficult for me
8.	I don't understand _	
9.		is a bit boring.
10		is exciting

15 c/crting.
5
No, I'm not. I'm not good at making models.
6
Yes! Martial arts are exciting for me.
7

No, it isn't. Playing an instrument is very difficult for me.

Lesson 2 » We Can Do Great Things!

- **1.** Look at the photos. Write sentences about the people can and can't do.
 - 1. The girl in photo A <u>can play basketball</u>.
 - 2. The woman in photo B _____
 - 3. The woman in photo C _____



















- 2. Use the prompts to make questions about abilities. Then write your answers.
 - 1. you/play tennis?

Can you play tennis ? No, I can't. / Yes, I can

2. you/dance?

?_____?

3. your mother/play an instrument?

?_____.

4. your father/cook?

5. you/paint?

?_____?

6. your sister or brother/rollerskate?

3. What about you? Write about the things you can and can't do. Say why.

1. I can <u>play an instrument</u>, but I can't <u>swim. It's a bit boring for me</u>.

2. I can _______, but I can't _______.

3. I can't _______, but I can ______.

4. | can't _______, but | can ______.

5. I can _______, but I can't ______.

Lesson 3 » What Can I Do to Help?

- 1. Describe what these people are doing for the community. Use the correct form of the phrases from the Word Bank.
 - **1.** What is the teacher doing? The teacher is helping the students to learn
 - 2. What is the paramedic doing?
 - 3. What is the police officer doing?
 - 4. What is the firefighter doing?

Word Bank
help students
control a fire
protect people
give
emergency
treatment









- 2. Use the prompts to make sentences about what people are doing. Then write alternatives.
 - The boy/push/a boy in the playground.
 The boy is pushing a boy in the playground. He can give the boy more space.
 - 2. The cyclist/not wear/helmet.
 - 3. People/throw/rubbish/in the forest.
 - 4. The woman/argue/in the restaurant.
 - 5. The mobile phone/ring/in the cinema.
 - 6. The driver/not wear/seatbelt/in the car.

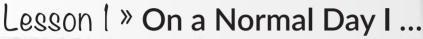
Choose the correct option.

1. Which one is <u>not</u> an activity?			6. Which one does not work for the		
	a. making models	•		community?	
	b. embroidery	d. singing		a. actor	c. police officer
2.	Which one is <u>not</u> a sport?			b. fire fighter	d. paramedic
	a. football	c. volleyball	7.	What?	
	b. playing the guitar	d. basketball		a. am you doing	c. are you doing
3.	Caterine Ibargüen is	the triple jump.		b. is you doing	d. are you do
	a. difficult	c. good	8.	I English.	
	b. difficult at	d. good at		a. am studying	
4.	4 are not difficult for Johnny Depp.			b. is studying	d. am study
	a. dancing	c. performing arts	9.	Penelope gym	nastics.
	b. painting	d. craft		a. am doing	•
5.	Playing the guitar is easy Juanes.			b. is doing	d. is do
	a. at b. for	c. to d. in	10.	Patricia and John	salsa.
				a. am dancingb. is dancing	•

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to interests and likes. I can identify vocabulary related to free-time activities.			
Grammar	I can use <i>can</i> to talk about abilities. I can use the <i>verb to</i> + <i>verb-ing</i> to talk about what people are doing.			
Reading	I can understand short paragraphs about interests.			
Writing	I can write about people's abilities. I can write about what people are doing.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about people's abilities. I can identify information in short conversations about people's activities.			
Speaking	I can talk about people's interests. I can talk about what people are doing.			

Unit >>> 3

My Health Care Routine



1. Write the activities on the chart to show when you do them.

In the morning	In the afternoon	In the evening	At night

2. Use the information from exercise 1 and the words in the box to write sentences about your routine.

always usually sometimes

- 1. In the morning, I usually <u>study at school</u>.
- 2. In the morning, I always ______.
- 3. In the ______, I ______.
- 4. In the ______.
- 5.
- 3. Complete the questions with the words in the box. Then answer the questions.

do (x3) time what (x2) often sport

- 1. What do you do in the mornings? I usually study in the mornings
- 2. _____ do you wake up? I wake up at _____.
- 3. _____ do you play ? l _____ .
- 4. When _____ you spend time with your family? _____.
- 5. How ______ do you take a shower? _____ .
- 6. What ______ you _____ in the evening? _____.



Lesson 2 » Is that Healthy?

1. Use the words in the box to complete the sentences about your habits. Write *healthy* or *unhealthy* next to each habit.

	always usually sometimes hardly ever
	1. I <u>usually</u> stay in all day. <u>unhealthy</u>
	2. I drink eight glasses of water a day
	3. I eat breakfast
	4. I brush my teeth in the morning and in the evening
	5. I do exercise three times a week
	6. I eat fruit and vegetables every day
	7. I sleep more than seven hours per day
	8. I eat fast food
	9. I drink fizzy drinks
	10. I use dental floss
2.	Think about the habits you have. Do you have a healthy/unhealthy/balanced routine? Describe your routine.
	I have a routine, because

- **3.** Answer the questions about the activities and celebrations. Use *in* or *on*.
 - 1. In which month do you celebrate Valentine's day? We celebrate it in September.
 - 2. When is Christmas Day?
 - 3. When do you celebrate Halloween?
 - 4. In which month is Mother's Day?
 - 5. When is Independence Day in Colombia?
 - 6. In which month is Father's Day?
 - 7. When is your birthday?
 - 8. When is your mother's birthday?



Lesson 3 » The Healthy Day

1. Read about Roberto's routine. Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs.

Roberto is twelve years old. He ¹ <u>wakes up</u> (wake up) at 5:30 am. He ² _____ (take) a shower and ³ ____ (have) breakfast. He ⁴ ____ (eat) eggs, cheese and chocolate milk. He never ⁵ ____ (brush) his teeth because he doesn't have time. He ⁶ ____ (go) to school at 6:30 am. He ⁷ ____ (not have) lunch at school. He ⁸ ____ (have) some snacks, such as chips and sweets. Roberto ⁹ ____ (come) home at 3:00 pm. Then,

he usually 10 _____ (make) a sandwich for lunch. He never 11 ____ (do) exercise in the week. Sometimes he 12 ____ (play) football on Saturday. At the weekend, he always 13 ____ (eat) fast food for dinner.

- 2. Decide if Roberto has healthy or unhealthy habits. Then plan a better routine for him.
 - 1. Does he have a healthy routine?
 - 2. Think of healthy alternatives for Roberto in each of these three areas: personal hygiene, food and exercise.
 - 3. Write a healthy routine for Roberto. Write one paragraph for each area.

Useful Expressions

(I/He/She/We) can ... (I/He/She/We) can try to ... (I/He/She/We) can start to ... (I/He/She/We) can stop ...

Personal	Hygiene
----------	---------

First, he can wake up at 5:00 am to have time to brush his teeth.

Then, _____
Finally, _____

Exercise

Food

27

Chant

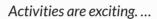
Activities are exciting

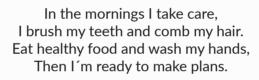


Activities are exciting. What do you enjoy? Dancing or hiking? Or playing with your toys?

On Mondays I play basketball. On Tuesdays I go swimming. On Wednesdays I draw pictures And on Thursdays I like singing.

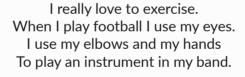
On Fridays I play football, It's the start of the weekend. On Saturdays and Sundays I go dancing with my friends.





I ride my bike to the school. I wear my helmet in case I fall. I wear kneepads and my gloves And my glasses that I really love!

Activities are exciting....



I use my legs to run up the stairs. I use my arms to brush my hair. I play at the playground at my school And use the laboratory, it's really cool!

Activities are exciting....











module 2 // Unit 3

Speaking

1. Match the activities and corresponding nouns.

1 play football my legs
2 play an instrument my legs
3 run upstairs my arms
4 brush hair my arms
5 play at the playground my arms and legs
6 dancing my eyes
7 watch TV my legs
my arms
my arms
my arms and legs
my eyes
my whole body

I use my legs to play football.



Reading

2. Look at the table. Complete the sentences.

	Me	Charlie	Juana and Helene	My mum
Monday	football	Sing	dance	work in a laboratory
Tuesday	play guitar in my band			work in a laboratory
Wednesday		draw pictures	ride bikes	work in a laboratory
Thursday	play in the playground		basketball	work in a laboratory
Friday		dance with friends	dance with friends	work in a laboratory

1 On Mondays, Charlie	Sings
2 On	, Helena and Juana ride bikes.
3 Mum works in a labor	atory
4 On Fridays,	dance with friends.
5 On Tuesdays,	play guitar in my band.
6 On	, I play in the playground.



Writing

3. When do you do these activities? Write sentences.

every day on Mondays on Tuesdays on Wednesdays on Thursdays on Fridays at the weekend on Saturdays on Sundays in the morning at lunchtime in the evening

Football play an instrument run upstairs brush hair play at the playground dance play with toys hike brush my teeth go to school learn English play in a band

I go to school every day. I learn English on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. I play an instrument after school on Thursdays and play in a band at the weekend.

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Choose the correct option.

1.	Which day belongs t	o the weekend?	5.	Which	activity <u>c</u>	<u>:an't</u> you do i	in the evening?
	a. Mondayb. Wednesday	•				c. spend ti	me with family d early
2.	What day comes afte	er Monday?	6.	ا wake ا	up 6	:00 am	
	a. Tuesday	•		a. in	b. at	c. on	d. the
	b. Thursday	d. Sunday	7.	You hav	ve dinner	·	
3.	Which one is <u>not</u> an	unhealthy habit?		a. in the	e mornin	g c. in the	evening
	a. drinking fizzy drin	KS		b. in the	e afterno	on d. at nig	ht
	b. using dental floss		8.	I sleep v	well	night.	
	c. eating fast foodd. sleeping 6 hours a	day		a. in	b. at	c. on	d. the
1		-	9.	Indepe	ndence [Day in USA is	s July.
4.	Which one is <u>not</u> par	•		a. in	b. at	c. on	d. the
	a. brushing your teetb. taking a shower	n c. taking a tour d. going to school	10.	New Ye	ar's Eve i	s Decer	mber 31st.
	9	0 0		a in	h at	c on	d the

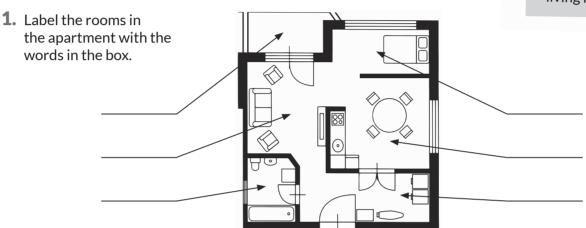
		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to time and dates. I can identify vocabulary related to habits and personal care routines.			
Grammar	I can use wh questions to ask for personal information about daily activities. I can use frequency adverbs and time expressions to talk about time. I can use in, on, at to talk about time.			
Reading	I can understand short paragraphs about daily routines.			
Writing	I can write about personal care routines. I can write about healthy routines.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about people's routines and activities.			
Speaking	I can exchange personal information about daily activities. I can talk about healthy routines.			

Unit >>1

Eco-Friendly Home

Lesson 1 » This Is My Home!

balcony
bathroom
bedroom
kitchen
laundry room
living room



- **2.** Answer the questions about the apartment plan in exercise 1.
 - 1. How many bedrooms are there?
 - 2. Is there a laundry room?
 - 3. Are there two bathrooms?
 - 4. Is there a desk in the bedroom?

- **3.** Write questions for the answers.
 - 1 *Is there a sofa?*

Yes, there's one in the living room.

2. How many wardrobes are there?

There are no wardrobes in this apartment.

- Yes, there's a shower in the bathroom.
- There's one TV. It's in the living room.
- 5. _____

Yes there's a table in the kitchen.

- **4.** Make sentences to describe where we do the activities in brackets.
 - 1. (park the car) People park the car in the garage.
 - 2. (eat) _____
 - 3. (sleep) _______.
 - 4. (sit and talk) _____.
 - 5. (cook)______.
 - 6. (bathe)_____

Lesson 2 » I Help the Environment!

1. Look at the photos. Complete the questions and the answers using this, these, that or those.





1. What <u>are these</u> They're chairs.











- 4. What _____?
- 5. What _____?
- 2. Choose the correct option to complete the instructions.
 - 1. Turn off those / that taps! Don't waste water.
 - 2. Don't throw away that **food** / **vegetables**. We can eat it for dinner.
 - 3. Don't put that / this bottle in the bin! Recycle it.
 - 4. Don't leave those bicycle / bicycles in the garage. Use them!
 - 5. Those / that lights are on again! Turn them off.
- **3.** How can you make an eco-house? Use the words in the box to write sentences.

collect electricity energy food grow produce rubbish save separate use wind

- 1. I can use the wind for a natural cooling system.
- 2. I can _____ with solar panels.
- 3. I can _____ rainwater.
- 4. I can _____ in a vegetable garden.
- 5. I can _____ with recycling bins.
- 6. I can _____ with energy-saving light bulbs.

module 3 // Unit 1

Lesson 3 » Respect the Environment

boxes damaged fruit food leftovers fruit peel metal containers old vegetables plastic bags plastic bottles

1. Put the words from the box into the correct column in the chart.

Inorganic rubbish	Organic rubbish

2. Read the text and write the steps for making compost.

Step 1:		

			_
Step 2:.			
· ·			

Stan 2.		
วเยม ง. 🗕		

Sten 4·			

Step 5: ___

SUSTAINABILITY



We know inorganic rubbish can be reduced, reused, and recycled. But, what can we do with organic rubbish? Organic waste includes old or rotten food, fruit and vegetable peel and all leftover food on your plate after you are full. You can put it in your garden and after some time, it decomposes and transforms into compost, which you can use to fertilize your garden. Now, how to make compost? Well, start by separating your organic waste into a different container. Don't use meat or bones. Dig a hole in the soil and put a layer of straw in the bottom. Put in all your kitchen waste and add more straw and green waste (for example leaves, twigs and grass) on top. Then, cover all of it with plastic or wood and leave it like that for two weeks. After that, mix everything with a shovel and add more organic waste. With time you'll see how all this transforms into fertilized soil.

Choose the correct option.

1.	Which is <u>not</u> a type of housing?		7.	The refrigerator is in the		
	a. farmb. house	c. shop d. apartment		a. garageb. kitchen	c. garden d. bedroom	
2.	You can eat in this room.		8.	8. The is in the bedroom.		
	a. bathroomb. dining room	•		a. garageb. toilet	c. cooker d. wardrobe	
3.	Is there a car in your a. Yes, there isn't. b. No, there aren't.	c. Yes, there aren't.	9.	Which element is <u>no</u> home? a. traditional light but	-	
4.	Are there books	there books in your living room?		b. solar panels c. recycling bins d. a rainwater collector What action does not help the environment? a. turning the lights off b. recycling c. turning the tap off d. using plastic bags		
5.	In the laundry room a. wash your clothes b. cook	c. sleep	10			
6.	My desk is in my a. bathroom b. laundry room	c. garden				

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to the parts of the house.			
Grammar	I can use <i>there is/there are</i> to talk about the existence and number of things and rooms in a house.			
Reading	I can understand short texts describing houses.			
Writing	I can produce questions about the house. I can describe the elements in a house.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about the house and the types of houses people have.			
Speaking	I can ask and give information about my home and the types of houses people have.			

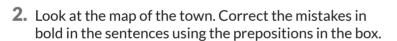


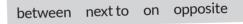
I Belong to a Community

Lesson 1 » This Is My Neighbourhood!

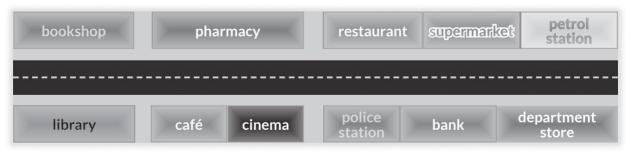
- 1. Write the place in town where you can do each thing.
 - **1.** Where can you buy books? At a bookshop.
 - 2. Where can you go to see a film?
 - 3. Where can you go to sit and read books?
 - 4. Where can you buy medicines?
 - 5. Where can you buy bread?







Books

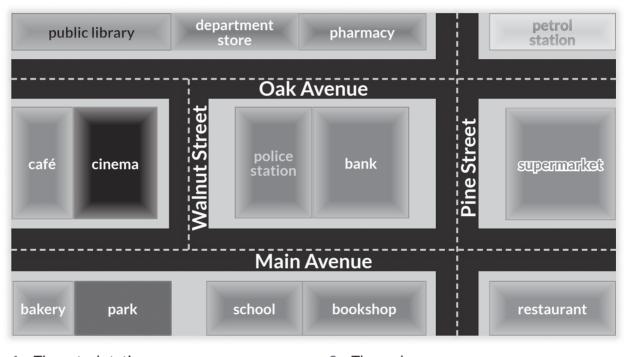


- **1.** The pharmacy is **opposite** the restaurant. The pharmacy is next to the restaurant.
- 2. The café is **next to** the pharmacy.
- 3. The cinema is **opposite** the restaurant.
- 4. The department store is at the end of the street **in** the corner.
- 5. The petrol station is **between** the supermarket.
- **6.** The restaurant is **opposite** the pharmacy and the supermarket.

35

Lesson 2 » I'm a Good Citizen!

- **1.** Tick the actions of a good citizen.
 - 1. A good citizen doesn't throw any rubbish in the street.
 - 2. A good citizen doesn't clean up after the dog.
 - 3. A good citizen recycles.
 - 4. A good citizen makes a lot of noise.
 - 5. A good citizen respects things in public spaces.
- 2. Write two different ways to describe where each place is.



1. The petrol station

It's on the corner of Oak Avenue and Pine Street. It's on Pine Street, opposite the pharmacy.

2. The department store

- 3. The park
- 4. The restaurant
- **3.** Where am I? Follow the directions and write the place I arrive at.
 - 1. You're in front of the park. Turn left on Walnut Street. The place is on the corner opposite the cinema.
 - 2. You're at the supermarket. Turn right on Pine Street. Go straight ahead. The place is at the end, on the left.
 - 3. You're outside the bank. Turn left, then turn left again. Go past the police station. The place is on the left, on the corner with Main Avenue.

r	٦	ν,

Lesson 3 » For a Better Community!

1. Write a wh- question for each	answer.
---	---------

1. Where can I drink a cup of coffee in your neighbourhood	_?
You can drink a cup of coffee at Bonsai Café.	
2	_?
The name of my neighbourhood is 20 de Julio.	
3	_?
My favourite place in my neighbourhood is the square.	
4	_?
In my neighbourhood there is a bakery, a hair salon, a pharmacy and a grocery store.	
5	_?
The supermarket is next to the bank.	
6	_?
We have problems in my neighbourhood with noise and ru	hhis

2. Think of solutions for these problems in your local park. Use some of the language in the box.

Problem	Solution
1. There is no lighting.	We can talk to the electricity company and the district office for public space. We can ask for street lamps.
2. People throw rubbish.	
3. The older children are very noisy and not friendly to the young children.	
4. People don't clean up after their dogs.	
5. The play equipment is broken and dirty.	
6. There is a problem with crime.	

organize a
campaign
put signs up
have a meeting
paint
repair
talk to
ask for
clean

Choose the correct option.

1.	People buy medicine	es in the	7.	A good neighbour does <u>not</u>
	a. restaurant	c. bakery		a. play loud music
	b. pharmacy	d. café		c. recycle
2.	You buy books in the	·		b. clean
	a. bookshop	c. restaurant		d. take care of others
	b. library	d. pharmacy	8.	,
3.	People read and born	row books in the		a. says hello
	a. bookshop	c. restaurant		b. makes noisec. throws rubbish on the floor
	b. library	d. pharmacy	0	
4.	At the department st	core, you do <u>not</u>	9.	•
	a. buy books	•		a. writes on public benchesb. throws rubbish on the floor
	b. watch films	,		c. cleans
5.	At the bakery, people	e	10.	A good citizen never
	a. buy medicine	•		a. recycles
	b. take money out	•		b. cleans
6.	At the square, people			c. throws rubbish on the floor
	a. take money out	-		d. takes care of others
	b. watch films	d. come together to talk		
		totaik		

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to the places in town and giving directions.			
Grammar	I can use prepositions of place to talk about the location of places. I can use wh- questions to ask for detailed information about places.			
Reading	I can understand short texts about the location of places.			
Writing	I can produce questions and sentences about the location of places.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about places and directions.			
Speaking	I can ask and give information about places and the location of places.			

Unit >>3

Every Job Is Important

1.

2.

Sam:

9886		erent Jobs!		
Guess t	the job. Use the wo	rds. There are two extra words.		
	s person fixes cars. echanic.			accountant
2. This	s person checks ac	counts for people or companies.	bal	ker cook
3. This	s person cuts and b	rushes people's hair.	sales person	mechanic
4. This	s person grows frui	t and vegetables.	farme	er nurse
5. This	s person makes bre	ead and cakes.		hairdresser
6. This	s person helps you	buy things at shops.		•
Comple	ete the conversation	on. Then guess the job.	49	E S
Sam:	1	?	483	7.4
Marta: She works at her studio.		200	1000	
Sam:	2	with people?	Allen	
Marta:	No, she doesn't. S	She works alone.	1 100 13	
Sam:	3	?	4 5	

3. Look at the photo and answer the questions.

What is the job of this person? She is 5_

Marta: No, she doesn't. She doesn't help people in her job.

⁴_____ any tools?

Marta: Yes, she does. She uses brushes and paints.

1. Who is this?

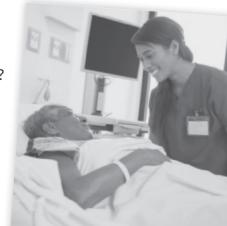
4. Is she wearing a uniform?

2. Where does she work?

5. Does she work with other people?

3. What is she doing?





Lesson 2 » What Are You Doing Right Now?

1. Look at the photos. What are they doing?

















- 2. Put the cook's routine in the correct order. Write the numbers.
 - A. ____ Cook lunch.
 - C. ____ Check the kitchen is clean to go home.
 - **D.** 1 Receive fruit and vegetable deliveries.
 - E. ____ Cook dinner.
 - F. _____ Get the food ready to cook for dinner (wash and cut vegetables, etc.)
 - G. _____ Prepare soups, sauces, and cakes because they take a long time to make.
- 3. Use the words in the box to write complete sentences about the cooks' routine from exercise 2 in the correct sequence. You can use some words more than once.

finally	first of all	later	secondly	then

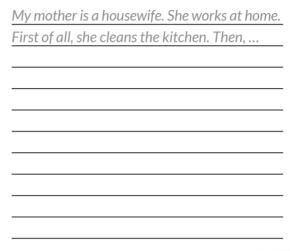
1.	
2.	
6.	
7	



Lesson 3 » I Know the People in my Community

1.	Answer the questions about your mother or father.	2.	Write a paragraph about your mother or father's routine at work. Use the sequence	
	1. What does your mother/father do?		connectors from lesson 2.	
			My mother is a housewife. She works at home.	
	2. Where does she/he work?		First of all, she cleans the kitchen. Then,	
	3. What is the first thing she/he does at work?			
	4. What does she/he do next?			
	5. What is the last thing she/he does?			
	6. What is she/he doing right now?			
3.	Two people are looking at photos. Write the questions Ana asks José.		The state of the s	
	A: 1. What <u>are you doing</u> (do) in this photo	?		
	J: I'm cooking.			
	A: Who ² (help) you	u?		
	J: That's my friend, Camila.			
	A: ³ (make) bread?			
	J: No, we're not!			
	A: What ⁴ (make)?		Mary Farm	
	J: We're making a birthday cake for my bro	other.		
	A: What 5(do) whil		150g to 2	
	6 (cook)? J: Oh, he's playing football. He always plays football on Wednesdays.			
	A: 7(play) today?			
	J: Yes, he is.			
	A: You look like you're having fun in this ph Why 8(laugh)?	oto.		
	J: I can't remember! But I always have a go	od tir	ne	

with Camila.





Chant

Welcome to our town



Welcome to our town, We like to keep it clean! We take care of the environment, Our parks are very green.

We turn off all the lights And we always use our bikes. Welcome to our town. Let me show you around!

There's a church and a café, And a square where people meet. There are lots and lots of restaurants Where people like to eat.



There's a doctor healing people, And the bakers love to cook, There are builders building houses, And a library full of books!

Welcome to our town, ...

Come and see my house, My bedroom's really cool! Turn left, then right, It's opposite the school.

My house has two bathrooms, A kitchen and a garden! In my room I have a desk, And a bed where I can rest.

Welcome to our town, ...







Speaking

1. Do you find these nouns in a house or in a town? Ask and answer with a partner.

bedroom kitchen church café parks room square restaurants garden houses bed library school desk

	In a town	In a house	
Where do you find	d a bedroom?	bedroom You find a	bedroom in a house.

Reading

2. Match the words to make sentences.

1 We 2 Books 3 The bakers	build are cook	in my room. green. food.
4 The builders 5 Libraries	have rest	houses. in the library.
6 Parks 7 The doctor	heals use	people. in the square.
8 People 9 We	meet are	the lights.
10	turn off	our pixes.

Writing

- 3. Write answers in complete sentences.
 - 1 What do the people of the town take care of?
 - They take care of the environment.
 - 2 What do people turn off?
 - 3 Where do people meet?
 - 4 How many restaurants are there?
 - 5 What do people do in the restaurants?

- 6 What does the doctor do?
- 7 What do the bakers do?
- 8 What is in the library?
- 9 Where is the speaker's house?
- 10 How many bathrooms does the house have?

43

Choose the correct option.

1.	A doctor people.		7.	The actor Hamle	et.
2.	a. teaches b. heals c. works d Mechanic cars.	d. builds		a. are performingb. is performing	•
3	a. grows b. builds c. fixes d A police officer people.	d. designs	8.	The doctor and the r	
4.	a. protects b. fixes c. heals d. makes bread and cakes.	d. grows		a. are takingb. is taking	c. am taking d. be taking
4.	a. A teacher c. A singer		9.	I English.	
_	b. An accountant d. A baker			a. are studyingb. is studying	c. am studying d. be studying
5.	sells medicine.		10.	My parents whi	le I'm at school.
,	a. A pharmacistb. A salespersonc. A cookd. An artist	t		a. are workingb. is working	c. am working d. be working
6.	grows food.				
	a. A teacher c. A farmer	ſ			
	b. A baker d. A cook				

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to jobs.			
Grammar	I can use the present progressive to talk about actions in progress.			
Reading	I can understand short texts describing jobs.			
Writing	I can write short texts about the sequence of daily activities. I can write sentences about actions in progress.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about jobs. I can identify actions in progress.			
Speaking	I can ask and give information about jobs. I can talk about the daily activities of people.			

Unit >>1 One World

Lesson 1 » I'm Colombian!

1. Find the twelve nationalities of the students at the Second Youth Intercultural Encounter. The words can go down or across. Write them in the chart below in the correct column.

J	Α	A	U	S	Т	R	Α	L	I	Α	N
Α	В	D	Υ	Ν	Ο	Ε	М	W	С	R	S
Р	R	Ε	Κ	L	J	D	Ε	Т	Ν	G	С
Α	Α	Ν	С	V	W	С	R	R	Ε	Ε	Н
Ν	Ζ	С	Α	Ν	Α	D	I	Α	Ν	Ν	I
Ε	I	Ζ	F	R	Ε	Ν	С	Н	G	Т	Ν
S	L	Α	Р	U	I	Ε	Α	S	L	ı	Ε
Ε	I	W	Q	J	В	С	Ν	D	I	Ν	S
R	Α	М	Ε	Χ	I	С	Α	Ν	S	I	Ε
Υ	Ν	С	J	Κ	L	Υ	I	G	Н	Α	Κ
Н	В	С	0	L	0	М	В	I	Α	Ν	Υ
Р	Ε	R	U	V	I	Α	Ν	Ε	J	ı	С

Study Tip

Use capital letters for countries and nationalities.

-an	-ese	-ian	-ish	Other
		Australian		

2.	Ale is from Mexico. She is Fiona is from She is Australian. Sean is from Canada. He is	4. Line is from France. She is5. Sam is from theHe is American.
3. C	omplete the conversation.	
K:	l: Hello, I'm Marisol, your Spanish teacher. Where ¹ you from, Kenji? Hello, I am from Japan. Are you Colombian? Yes, I ² Are you familiar with your classmates? Yes, I can tell you about them. Great. ³ Andrea from	 K: He is from Egypt. M: ⁵ Tuti Egyptian, too? K: No, she isn't. She is Thai. M: Is Chen Japanese? K: No, he ⁶ He is Chinese. M: What about Gabriela and Jose? Where are they ⁷ ?
K	Andrea from Australia? No, she isn't. She is from Germany. 1: 4 is Tareq from?	K: They're from Brazil.M: 8 Steve and Karen Australian?K: No, they're not. They are English.

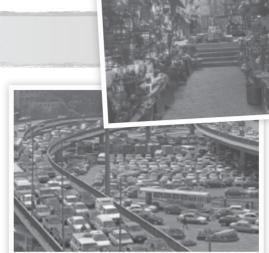
2. Complete the sentences with the correct country name or nationality.

45

Lesson 2 » I'm from Cali!

- 1. Match the opposites.
 - 1. boring —
 - 2. old-fashioned
 - 3. stressful
 - 4. organized
 - 5. noisy
 - 6. ugly
 - 7. uncrowded

- A. crowded
- B. relaxing
- C. beautiful
- D. modern
- G. quiet
- H. disorganized
- I. interesting



2. Which words in column 1 can also be opposites for peaceful and fun?

3. Read Tareq's description of his city and underline the words from exercises 1 and 2.

CAIRO

Cairo is the capital city of Egypt. It is a very busy, noisy, and crowded city. It is an important tourist destination in Africa. Cairo is a very interesting city because it has many archaeological sites nearby like the great pyramids. Tourists can ride camels, a typical animal of my country, on pyramid tours. In the market, tourists can buy many exotic crafts like lamps, rugs, and antiques.

In my opinion, it is a very old-fashioned and disorganized city, but it is beautiful, especially near the Nile River.





because

- **4.** Read the text again. Answer the questions.
 - 1. What's the capital city of Egypt?
 - 2. Is Cairo a peaceful place?
 - 3. What do tourists do with camels?
 - 4. Where do people need to go to buy antiques?

5. In your opinion, is Cairo a modern city? Why?

6. Is your city similar to Cairo? Describe it.

46

Lesson 3 » I Know My Town!

1.	Read these sentences about Kenji's country, Japan.
	Tick the facts you already know about Japan.

1 . The red disc in Japan's flag represents the sun. \lceil	
--	--

- 2. Anime and Manga started in Japan.
- 3. Japan has many islands.
- 4. Karaoke is very famous in Japan.
- 2. Read about Japan and complete the chart.





JAPAN

Japan is a very interesting country with many contrasts. It is an old culture with strong traditions, but at the same time, it is very modern. Japan is a crowded island with some busy, large cities but the countryside is beautiful and peaceful. Japan is also an artistic centre and Anime and Manga come from here.

There are lots of different animals: giant salamanders, spidercrabs and snow monkeys. Some Japanese products are: cars, computers, mobile phones. Japan also produces a lot of different food, for example: rice, tea and sugar. The people are hard-working, disciplined and organized.

Country's name:	
Characteristics and Importance	words to describe the country typical products and animals a unique characteristic
People	words to describe its people

3. Choose one of the countries on page 45. Find information about the country, its products, animals, culture and people. Then use your notes and the text in exercise 2 to help you write a short paragraph.

is	

Check Your Progress

Choose the best option.

1.	Which word is NOT a nationality?			Which wor	•	NOT use	to describe
	a. Irish	c. Australia		the Tataco	a desert?		
	b. Japanese	d. German		a. beautifu	I	c. uncrov	vded
2.	Is he?			b. quiet		d. disorg	anized
		c. from French d. Francian	7.	Which wor a person?	d can you	NOT use	to describe
3.	Someone from Thail	and is		a. agile	b. kind	c. crowde	ed d. brave
	a. Thai	c. Thailandian	8.	Englis	h people l	nard-work	ing?
	b. Thailandish	d. Thailandese		a. ls	b. Are	c. What	d. Am
4.	Where he from	?	9. Where are they from? means Wha				Vhat is
	a. are b. is	c. be d. am		nationality	?		
5.	My city is very	There are no nice		a. their	b. his	c. they	d. our
	buildings and there is a lot of rubbish.		10.	10. Which word is similar to pea		ar to peace	ful?
	a. relaxing	c. ugly		a. stressful		c. interes	sting
	b. quiet	d. peaceful		b. modern		d. quiet	

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to countries and nationalities. I can identify vocabulary related to personal information.			
Grammar	I can use the verb <i>to be</i> and question forms to ask and answer information about people and places.			
Reading	I understand written descriptions of countries and cities.			
Writing	I can write simple sentences to express information about countries, costumes and people.			
Listening	I can take notes when I listen to specific information.			
Speaking	I can ask and give personal information about myself and others.			

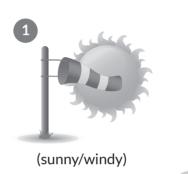


Unit >>2

Weather Changes

Lesson I » What's the Weather Like Today?

- **1.** Answer the questions.
 - 1. What's the weather like in Sydney? It is sunny and windy.
 - 2. What's the weather like in Stockholm?
 - 3. What's the weather like in Bogotá?
 - 4. What's the weather like in New York?
 - 5. What's the weather like in Cairo?
 - 6. What's the weather like in London?









- (cold and cloudy)
- 1. A hot / snowy day is the perfect day to do arts and crafts.
 - 2. A rainy / sunny day is good weather to go running.
 - 3. A cloudy / stormy day is good for hiking.

2. Circle the best options to complete the sentences.

- 4. A cold and cloudy / sunny and windy day is the ideal weather to fly a kite.
- **3.** Answer the questions.
 - 1. What's the ideal weather for a picnic?
 - 2. What activities can you do at a picnic?
 - 3. What can you do on a rainy day?
 - 4. What activities can you do at a birthday party?



(stormy)



(rain)



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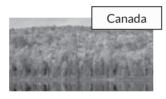
Lesson 2 » What Are You Wearing Today?

- **1.** Answer the questions. Try to use all of the words.
 - 1. It's thirty-five degrees today. What can you wear? You can wear trousers, a sweater...
 - 2. It's cold and snowy. What can you wear?
 - 3. You are at home on a cloudy, cool day. What can you wear?
 - 4. You go to a party. What can a girl wear? What can a boy wear?
 - 5. What do you wear to school?
 - 6. What do women teachers usually wear at your school?

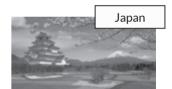


2. Write the season below each photo. Use summer, winter, spring and autumn.









3. Read the report about Ireland. Complete the text with the words from the box.

cloudy jacket rainy spring sunny sweaters walking It is 1 _____ in Ireland. In March it is often 2 ____ and for this reason, Ireland is a very green country! Temperatures are from 8°C to 11°C when it is 3 ____ but when it is 4 ____ the temperature goes up to about 15°C. At this time of the year, people usually wear trousers and 5 ___ and you need a warm 6 ____ People do activities like 7 ___ in the parks, playing sports and eating in cafés.

4. Choose one of the other countries in exercise 2. Find information about it online and take notes below. Then write a report similar to the one in exercise 3.

(country)

50

Line 2
What's the weather and temperature like?

Line 3
What do people need to wear?

Line 4
What activities can people do?

Lesson 3 » What is the Traditional Costume in your Region?

- **1.** Match the photo to the event.
 - 1. funeral
 - 2. traditional dances
 - 3. daily life
 - 4. wedding



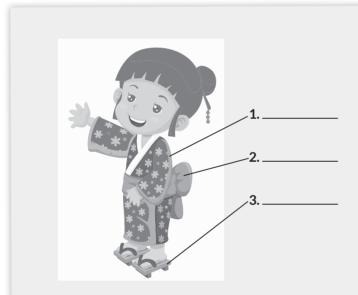






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2. Read about traditional Japanese costume and label its three parts on the picture.



Kimonos are a traditional Japanese costume. They use different fabrics for the different seasons: some materials are for summer and others are for winter. There are many different kinds of kimonos. All of them have three main parts: (a) the kimono, which is the long dress, (b) the obi, which is a large belt used to close the kimono around the waist, and (c) getas, which are the special shoes. Both men and women wear the kimono for weddings, funerals, and tea ceremonies.

3. Write a description of the traditional costume in your region. Answer the questions to help you organize your ideas.

What is its name?

What are its parts?

Are the colours or materials important?

Who wears it?

When do you wear it?

Check Your Progress

Circle the best option.

1.	Which kind of weath find in the winter?	ner do you <u>not</u> usually	6.	Which clot hot day?	thes do pe	ople <u>not</u> w	ear on a
	a. snowy b. rainy	c. cold d. hot		a.t-shirt	b. scarf	c. shorts	d. dress
2.	When you can't see	the sun, it is	7.	'What's the	e weather	?''It's	sunny!'
	a. sunny	c. cloud		a. on	b. like	c. is	d. likes
	b. cloudy	d. temperature	8.	For which	event do y	ou <u>not</u> ne	ed
3.	3. What activity can you <u>not</u> do in stormy			traditional	costume		
	weather?			a. funeral		c. traditi	onal dances
		c. do arts and crafts		b. wedding	3	d. daily li	ife
	b. play chess	d. relax in the garden	9.	My father	a jack	et to worl	Κ.
4.	Which word is <u>not</u> a	season?		a. wears	b. wear	c. uses	d. use
	a. summer b. winte	r c. March d. autumn	10.	Complete	the list: ho	ot, warm, _	, cold.
5.	On your feet, you we	ar and shoes.		a. green	b. dark	c. cool	d. snowy
	a socks h skirts	c shorts d shirts		•			•

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to weather conditions. I can identify vocabulary related to clothing.			
Grammar	I can use <i>wh</i> questions to exchange information about weather conditions and clothing.			
Reading	I understand short texts about weather and clothing.			
Writing	I can write sentences to express information about weather. I can write sentences to describe traditional costumes and clothing items.			
Listening	I can listen to specific information to complete forms.			
Speaking	I can give information about my town like the weather and what clothes to wear.			



Word Bank

big colourful delicious healthy last longer nice salty spicy sweet

Lesson | » Today Is a Special Day!

1. Compare dishes 1–3 using the correct form of the words in the Word Bank.







1.	Mexican food is.	spicier	than a cocada.
----	------------------	---------	----------------

2.	i9	sth	an
			<u> </u>

- 3. _____
- 4. _____
- 2. Complete the chart with your opinions. Use the Word Bank and the Useful expressions.

Event	Your opinion
New Year's Eve	I think New Year's Eve is great!
Christmas	
Halloween	
Birthday parties	

Word Bank

(absolutely) amazing (really) boring great (very) interesting wonderful

Useful expressions

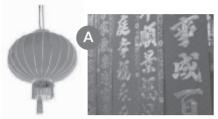
I think ... In my opinion ... I believe that ... I like ... I don't like ...

- 3. Write about a day you celebrate in your family, what you do, what you eat, and why you like it.
 - 1. Name the celebration.
 - 2. Give your opinion.
 - 3. Describe what you do.
 - 4. Say who you celebrate with.
 - 5-8. Describe the food.

A day we celebrate in my far	nily is 1·
ı 2 hecause we al	ways ³ ·
I spend the day with 4	and we always eat
5 and drink 6	My favourite
food is ⁷ because	e ⁸ ·

Lesson 2 » Party Time!

1. Read about the Chinese New Year celebration. Number the photos to put the events in order.



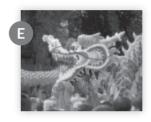
Decorating the house with red lanterns and couplets _



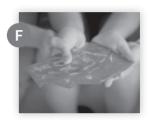
Going to parents' house



Lighting firecrackers



Watching the dragon dance _____



Giving red envelopes



21st Century Skills Critical Thinking

- **2.** Read about the celebration and answer the questions.
 - 1. Based on the reading, why do you think Chinese wear red underwear on New Year's Eve?
 - 2. What does the red colour mean for them?
 - 3. Are there similar superstitions in your country?

CHINESE NEW YEAR'S EVE CELEBRATION

Chinese New Year is celebrated between January 21st and February 20th. It is a special day for families and many Chinese people travel to their parents' house. On this day, there are many superstitions. For example, people often wear and give each other red underwear. To start the celebration, first, everyone decorates their houses and streets with red lanterns and red couplets for good luck and prosperity. Second, the family eats a special meal with traditional food like fish, rice cakes, sweet rice balls and spring rolls. Third, people light firecrackers for good luck. Then, people give red envelopes with money to children and old people. Finally, people stay up late watching the parade and to see the dragon dance in the streets.

- **3.** Match the questions and answers.
- 1. When is the New Year celebration in China? A. They travel to their parents' house.
- 2. Where do Chinese people travel to celebrate?
- 3. What decorations do they use?
- 4. What do they eat?

- B. They eat fish, rice cakes, sweet rice balls and spring rolls.
- C. It is between January 21st and February 20th.
- **D.** They use lanterns and couplets.

Lesson 3 » Colombian Celebrations and Festivals!

- **1.** Match the sentences with the expressions.
 - 1. It's my birthday today!
 - 2. I've got an English exam tomorrow.
 - 3. My sister is graduating this morning.
 - 4. We're having a big party for you!
 - 5. It's 24th December.

- A. Congratulations!
- B. Happy Birthday!
- C. Merry Christmas.
- D. Good luck.
- E. Surprise!
- 2. Read the two paragraphs and circle the activities that occur in each festival.

The 'Feria de las Flores' (Festival of Flowers) is a festival that takes place in Medellin every year. It started in 1957 to celebrate *silletero* culture and has become one of the most important festivals in the region. It takes place in August and lasts for 10 days. The festival includes hundreds of flower displays, music concerts, a parade of horses and special exhibitions.



The highlight of the festival is the silleteros parade, where people carry silletas, or chairs, containing beautiful flower arrangements on their backs. The 'Hanami', or cherry blossom festival, takes place in Japan every spring. The tradition is 1000 years old and is one of the



most important festivals in the country. All over Japan, people sit under the cherry trees and celebrate the arrival of these beautiful pink flowers. They have picnics, drink a special rice wine called *sake*, sing songs and read poems. The blossom starts in the southern islands of Okinawa in March and reaches the northern island of Hokkaido in May.

- **3.** Complete the sentences according to the reading to give your opinion and compare the Japanese and Colombian festivals.
 - 1. I believe the Cherry blossom festival <u>lasts longer</u> than the Festival of Flowers.

2. I believe the ______ is _____ (colourful) than the _____ because _____

3. I think that the ______ is _____ (old) than the _____ because _____

4. In my opinion, the ______ is _____ (interesting) than the _____ because _____

5. _____ is _____ (big) than _____

6. _____ is _____ (good) than _____

Chant

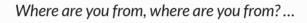
Where are you from?

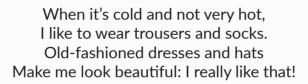


Where are you from, where are you from? Let's dance together, everyone. Jamaican, English or Australian, Let's join together and have some fun!

The weather for Mexico and Brazil Is stormy, sunny, rainy and hot. The weather for England and Canada Is cold, snowing and raining a lot.

Brazil has jaguars and monkeys, Exotic anteaters and birds to see, The Chinese like food that's salty, Sweet and sour and spicy for me.





In my opinion, I'm active and fun, and serious when work's to be done.
Boring and quiet is not for me;
I like to keep busy with activities.









Speaking

1. With a partner, say the nationality for each of these words.

1 Mexico

5 America

2 Jamaica

6 Canada

3 England

4 Brazil

7 China

Mexico.

Mexican.

Reading

2. What do the adjectives describe? Put them in the table.

juicy rainy hot sour sunny stormy cold salty sweet snowy spicy

weather	food	both
	juicy	

Writing

- **3.** Answer the questions in full sentences.
 - 1 What's the weather like in Brazil and Mexico?

 The weather in Brazil and Mexico is stormy, sunny, rainy and hot.
 - 2 What's the weather like in England and Canada?
 - 3 What animals are there in Brazil?
 - 4 What food do people eat in China?
 - 5 What clothes does the singer wear when it's cold?
 - 6 What clothes make the singer look beautiful?
 - 7 How does the singer describe himself/herself?
 - 8 What does the singer dislike?
 - 9 What does the singer like?



MODULE // 4 Unit // 3 Check your progress Check Your Progress

Choose the best option.

1.	Which of these words to describe food is negative?			Chinese Ne Colombian		•	
	a. healthy	c. delicious		a. than	b. that	c. as	d. from
	b. nice	d. boring	8.	Which is	, J	apanese fo	ood or
2.	In my, Chris	tmas is more fun		Chinese for	od?		
	than New Year's Eve.			a. more hea	althy	c. health	/er
	a. opinion b. think	c. believe d. like		b. more hea	althier	d. health	ier
3.	My sisterlike	e Halloween.	9.	Mexican fo	od is good	d, but I thir	nk
	a. isn't b. is	c. doesn't d. don't		Colombian	food is _	!	
4.	Food you don't cook is	called		a. very bett			
	a. raw b. oily	c. salty d. juicy		b. more god		•	
5.	I really lovea		10.	Fruit and ve	egetables	are	than
	a. raw b. sweet	c. salty d. spice		meat.			
6.	This fish is ar	mazing!		a. colourful b. more col			
	a. good	c. absolutely		23.000		5. 7 5.	
	b. can	d. very					

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to food. I can identify vocabulary related to celebrations and traditions.			
Grammar	I can use adjectives to compare customs, food, places, and people.			
Reading	I understand short texts about celebrations and food.			
Writing	I can state my opinion in short writings. I can write sentences to describe and compare celebrations and food.			
Listening	I can listen to specific information about family traditions.			
Speaking	I can talk about celebrations, traditions and food.			

Vocabulary Activities

8 4				- 4
N_{I}	0	d	1.1	-1
1 V I	w	u	u	J

1.	Complete the sentences
	using classroom items.

- a. There is a _____ in the classroom to know the time.
- **b.** You need a ______ to find the definitions of words.
- **c.** The teacher writes on the
- **d.** The _____ has all the information you need to learn.
- e. You carry your books in a
- **f.** A ______ is where you put your notebook to write.
- g. You use _____ and ____ to write.
- 2. Complete the name of the numbers and write the number next to it.
 - a. _ N _ _
 - b. _ _ E _ _ __
 - **c.** __ R _ ___
 - d. _ E _ ___
 - e. __O ___
 - f. _O__ ___
 - g. S__ ___
 - h. F___
 - i. _ l _ _ _

- j. _E___
- **k.** N _ _ _

Module 2

- 3. Unscramble the parts of the body
 - **a.** mra _____
 - **b.** gle _____
 - **c.** yee _____
 - **d.** dahe ______
 - **e.** cakb _____
 - **f.** tohmu _____
 - g. nadh _____
 - h. motashc _____
 - i. hetet _____
 - **j.** eson ______
- 4. Write the name of the activity for each description.
 - **a.** Folding paper in different ways to create figures.
 - **b.** Using pencil and paper to create two-dimensional images.
 - c. Travelling in the mountains or forests by foot.
 - **d.** Creating music with an instrument.
 - e. Creating threedimensional figures with glue _____

- **f.** Moving your body to the rhythm of music.
- g. Using your arms to hit a ball over a net and score a point.

Module 3

- 5. Complete the following household items and write in which part of the house they go.
 - a. __f ____t __
 - **b.** _ e _
 - **c.** ___ w __
 - **d.** s _ _ _
 - **e.** _ _ b _ _ and _ _ a _ _ s
 - **f.** __s ___ c ___

Part of the house:

- a. _____
- b. _____
- с. _____
- d. _____
- e. _____
- f. _____
- 6. Write the place in town for each action. Then, match it with the corresponding job.
 - **a.** Reading books:
 - **b.** Buying medicine:
 - **c.** Shopping for clothes:
 - **d.** Eating bread and cakes:
 - **e.** Eating: _____
 - f. Studying:
 - g. Protecting citizens:

Match the job:

Baker

____ Pharmacist

____ Police officer

- ____ Cook
- ____ Teacher
- ____ Librarian
- ____ Salesperson

Module 4

- 7. Choose which item you don't wear for every weather condition.
 - a. Rain: a) sunglasses b) hatc) coat
 - b. Wind: a) coat b) scarfc) skirt
 - c. Sun: a) sunglasses b) hatc) scarf
 - d. Storm: a) jacket b) hatc) T-shirt
 - e. Snow: a) trousersb) dress c) sweater
- 8. Find 14 adjectives to describe personality, food, and places.

Н	Α	В	Р	Ε	Α	С	Ε	F	U	L	0	Н
Ε	D	1	F	Q	Ε	Т	Х	0	1	С	Р	Α
D	U	R	Α	U	В	R	0	R	L	Α	S	R
Α	R	D	S	W	Ε	Ε	Т	Т	S	0	Т	D
R	М	S	Ε	1	L	С	1	Υ	Р	U	R	W
S	0	U	R	М	0	Α	С	Т	Ι	٧	Ε	0
Α	D	С	1	0	D	R	Ε	F	С	В	S	R
L	Ε	Α	0	F	J	U	1	С	Υ	Ν	S	К
Т	R	F	U	1	W	Ε	R	Α	S	1	F	1
Υ	Ν	Ε	S	L	Q	R	Α	Т	Ε	L	U	Ν
0	U	Р	Ι	S	Т	Α	В	0	R	1	L	G
D	1	S	С	1	Р	L	1	Ν	Ε	D	Т	0

9. Match the two columns to form actions related to the environment.

a. throw	waste
b. turn off	paper bags
c. use	the lights
d. turn off	rubbish
e. separate	a bicycle
f. collect	rubbish in the bin
g. use	the tap
h. reduce	rainwater
i. keep	places clean